برعاية معالى وزير التربية والتعليم
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شرح مفصل وتمارين متنوعة لمنهج اللغة الانجليزية
الصف الاول الثانوى

Unit 10

اعداد

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مراجعة

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مستشار اللغة الانجليزية

Unit 10 : What's Your Job?

profession	مهنة	scientist	عالم	fair	معرض
professional	محترف	laboratory	معمل	notice	يلاحظ
casualty	اصابة	Chemist	صيدلى	difference	اختلاف
department	قسم	chemistry	كيمياء	a company	شركة
despite	بالرغم من	Contract	عقد	IT	تكنولوجيا
rewarding	مجزي	practical	عملي	experience	خبرة
qualifications	مؤهلات	improve	يحسن	academic	اكاديمي
incredibly	لا يصدق	products	منتجات	career	مهنة
apply for	يقدم طلب	challenge	تحدي	attention	انتباه
college	كلية	Variety	تنوع	confident	واثق
training	تدريب	Several	عديد	confidence	ثقة
stressful	مجهد	deadline	موعد أخير	flexible	مرن
tiring	مرهق	obviously	بوضوح	loyal	مخلص
successful	ناجح	apprenticeship	تدريب مهني	loyalty	ولاء
communicator	متصل	construction	إنشاء	reliable	موثوق به
worries	قلق	Degree	درجة	plumber	السباك
eligible	مؤهل	Industry	الصناعة	vet	طبيب بيطري
popular with	شعبي	Actually	في الواقع	assist	يساعد
legal	شرعي	Reassure	يطمئن	assistant	مساعد
compassion	شفقة	reassurance	اطمئنان	kindness	طيبة
The public	جمهور	involve	يتضمن	period	فترة
firefighter	رجل إطفاء	Besides	بالإضافة	punctual	مواظب
siren	صفارة إنذار	certificate	شهادة	type	نوع
teammate	عضو فريق	a graduate	خريج	trapped	محاصرين
adapt to	يتكيف علي	bachelor	ليسانس	torch	شعلة
fancy	يتوهم	Caring	مهتم	rules	قواعد
require	يتطلب	statement	بيان	care	يهتم
compassionate	حنون	essential	اساسى	pursue	يتعقب
availability	اتاحة / توافر	equally	بشكل متساوى	ward	عنبر في مستشفي
vast	شاسع	nursing college	كليه التمريض	behaviour	سلوك
support	دعم	characteristics	مواصفات /	agreement	اتفاق
Egyptian	أسلوب الطهى	casualty	قسم الطوارئ	job(s) fair	معرض الوظائف

Definitions

rewarding	**Doing something that makes you feel good.**	مجزي

flexible	**Describes someone who can change their behaviour in different situations**	مرن
attention	**The act of listening to , looking at or thinking about something carefully .**	انتباه
career	**The series of jobs that a person has in a particular area of work**	حياه عمليه - مهنه
practical	**Relating to real activities and events more than ideas.**	عملي
qualification	**Skills or knowledge that makes you eligible for a job or work**	مؤهل
casualty department	**An emergency room in hospitals**	قسم الطوارىء
apprenticeship	**A period of time working to learn skills needed to do something**	تدريب مهني
attendant	**A person whose job involves helping the public**	عامل
Communicator	**A person who talks about their ideas and emotions in a clear way.**	لبق
degree	**Qualification you receive when you finish university**	درجه
industry	**A particular kind of business that produces a particular type of goods**	الصناعه
siren	**A device that makes a long loud sound as a signal or warning**	جهاز تنبيه
fancy	**To want to do something**	يتخيل
construction	**The work of building something**	انشاء
training	**Learning skills you need for a job**	تدريب
skill	**The ability to do something well**	مهاره
care	**Offer help and support others**	عنايه ـ اهتمام
contract	**a legal agreement**	عقد
stressful	**something which causes worry**	مجهد
team player	**a person who works well with others**	لاعب فريق
punctual	**happening or being done at exactly the time that is arranged**	مواظب
loyal	**Someone who supports their friends even when it is difficult**	مخلص

Prepositions, Idioms & Expressions.

find out about	يكتشف عن	do something well	يفعل شئ بشكل جيد
a two-year contract	عقد لمدة سنتين	do something practical	يفعل شئ عملى
care for / about	يهتم بـ	have a talk with	يتحدث مع
apply for	يتقدم لوظيفة / تأشيرة / لجواز	have work experience	لديه خبرة عمل
apply to (a college)	يتقدم لجهة أو شخص	get work experience	يكتسب خبرة عمل
relate to	يرتبط بـ / يتعلق بـ	adapt to situations	يتبنى مواقف
plenty of / a lot of	كثير من	work in	يعمل فى (مكان / قسم / مجال)
eligible for a job	مؤهل للوظيفة	work on	يعمل فى (تصنيع / تأليف / اصلاح)
part of a job	جزء من وظيفة	communicate … to …	يوصل شئ لشخص
need … for a job	يحتاج ... لوظيفة	progress through	يتقدم فى (خبرة / عمل)
make a formal request	يقدم طلب رسمى	break down	يتعطل / ينهار فى البكاء
skills needed / requested	مهارات مطلوبة	a natural thing to do	شئ طبيعى نفعله
make … in writing	يعمل ... كتابة	with serins sounding	بأصوات الابواق

make … feel calm	يجعل ... يهدأ	sit at a desk	يجلس على مكتب
essential for	أساسى لـ	Be employed on	يتم توظيفه فى
at times	فى أوقات	What I like best about	أكثر ما أحبه بشأن

Collocationsز

become a nurse	تصبح ممرضة	learn skills	يتعلم مهارات
do training	يحضر تدريب	learn a trade	يتعلم تجارة
get a job	يحصل على وظيفة	cause worry	يسبب قلق
do a job	يؤدى وظيفة	speak languages	يتحدث لغات
decide a job	يحدد وظيفة	help the community	يساعد المجتمع
improve products	يحسن المنتجات	make furniture	يعمل موبليا
develop new ones	يطور الجديد منها	pursue a career	يستمر فى مهنة
enjoy the challenges	يستمتع بالتحديات	fix things	يثبت / يصلح أشياء
receive a qualification	يستلم مؤهل	meet the deedline	يفى فى الموعد المحدد

Reading

In this week's article called What's your job? We're talking to tw o young professionals about their work. Ali works in the casualty department at a busy hospital. He says that, despite the long hours and hard work, the job is incredibly rewarding.

Why did you choose to a nurse?

Well, I've always enjoyed caring for people, so it seemed a natural thing to do. I decided to apply to nursing college, did my training and then got a job here.

Do you like your job?

Yes, I love it, although it is very stressful at times. People are sometimes frightened, so part of my job is to make them feel calm, which can be hard.

Is there anything you don't enjoy?

Not really, although I work from 7 am till 6 pm every day, which is very tiring.

What skills do you need to be a successful nurse?

You need to be a good communicator-a lot of nursing is about listening to people's worries and explaining what the doctors are going to do. You need to have good medical knowledge too, but understanding and kindness are really important.

Nadia is a scientist and works in a laboratory as a chemist.

Why did you choose to become a scientist?

My best subject at school was chemistry, so I decided to study it at university. After I graduated, I got a two-year contract to work here.

What do you like best about your job?

I'm a very practical person and a lot of my job is about trying to improve products or develop new ones. I enjoy the challenges and the variety of my work.

Are there any challenges in your job?

Of course any job has challenges. It can sometimes be difficult when you're working on several products and each one has a deadline to meet.

What qualifications do you need to be a successful scientist?

Obviously, you need a degree in Science, but you also have to be good at problem solving. It's important to be able to communicate your ideas to other people too, and that can be difficult sometimes if they're not scientists.

My Dream Job

Name: Nabila El-Soory
Age: 24
Address: Central Cairo, Egypt
Dream job: Teacher Qualifications
Post Graduate Certificate in Education: Bradly College, Oxford, England
Bachelors Degree in English: Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt
I am: punctual , reliable , a good communicator , caring
Experience: I've always wanted a job helping people. I watched many lessons on my training course, and I taught English to young people aged 7–16 years old in the UK.
Personal statement: I am punctual and reliable. I can communicate well with young people, and I believe that I am a patient and caring professional.
Interests: Reading, theatre, and Egyptian cuisine
Availability: Immediate

Video Script

The world of work is **vast**. There are **routes** into employment for everyone, with options to study at university, through apprenticeships or **progressing** through work experience.

Job fairs are often held to give **non-biased information** about many **industries**. They can tell you about what qualifications, skills and experience you will need, and you can also find out about what you can expect to earn.

Every job has its **challenges** and **rewards** which can affect a person's decision about whether to **pursue** a career. Equally, some **characteristics** are **essential for** certain jobs. For example, a medical professional must be **compassionate**, caring and have excellent **communication skills**.

Language Notes.

- **qualify as a teacher / an accountant** يتأهل كـ (يأتي بعدها الوظيفة)
  He **qualified as a doctor** two years ago.
- **qualify in biology / archaeology** يحصل علي مؤهل في (تخصص معين)
  He **qualified in medicine** last year.
- **be qualified to + inf.** يكون مؤهل لك - She is **qualified to teach** English.

- **work** عمل - مكان العمل (اسم لا يعد) - يعمل - يقوم بتشغيل (آلة مثلا)
  I have got a lot of **work** to do. Mr Ahmed leaves **work** at two o'clock.
  Do you know how to **work**. = (**operate**) this coffee machine?
  اذا جُمعَت كلمة **work** يصبح معناها مؤلفات أو أعمال فنية أو أدبية أو هندسية.
  a work of engineering **works** of engineering
- **job** وظيفة – مهنة (اسم يعد) و تشير إلي عمل منتظم يقوم به الشخص لكسب المال
  He has got **a job** as a teacher. I have got a lot of **jobs** to do.
- **career** مهنة الحياة العملية للفرد (الفترة التي يقضيها الشخص في وظيفة معينة)
  He started his **career** 5 years ago. It's hard to take teaching as **a career**.
- **profession** مهنة تحتاج الى مؤهلات وتدريب (مثل الطب و المحاماة والتدريس)
  Teaching is a hard but respected profession.

- **decide** to + **(inf)** / **that** + **sentence** يقرر

  She decided **to go** out. He **decided that you** should attend.
- **decide on + noun** يحدد / يختار

  You have to **decide on your goal** in life.

- **graduate from** يتخرج من - He **graduated from** the Faculty of Medicine.
- **a graduate of** خريج لـ - He is **a graduate of** the Faculty of Medicine.
- **graduate with a degree in** يتخرج بشهادة فى

- He **graduated with** a degree in history.

- **make** + مفعول + **to** مصدر بدون / **make** + شخص / شئ + صفة

  They **made** him **study** hard. Capital **makes** business **successful**.

- **every** كل (صفة يأتي بعدها اسم) و يأتي بعدها مفرد أو عدد (2 - 3 - 4)

  Every student should do his best to get high marks.

  The world cup is held **every 4 years**.
- **each** كل (صفة يأتي بعدها اسم أو تحل محل الاسم) و يأتي بعدها مفرد

  Each student should do his best to get high marks.

  All friends attended the party, **each** gave her a present.

- **outdoor** (adj) (بعدها اسم) خارجى - Football is an **outdoor** game.
- **outdoors** (adv) فى الخارج - Archaeologists usually work **outdoors**.
- **indoor** (adj) (بعدها اسم) داخلى - Girls usually like **indoor** activities.
- **indoors** (adv) فى الداخل - The boys are playing computer games **indoors**.

- **part of** جزء لا يتجزأ - Egypt is **part of** the continent of Africa.
- **a part of** جزء يمكن فصله - **A part of** your work should be revised again.

- **experience** (لا تعد) خبرة فى مجال العمل - This work needs big **experience**.
- an **experience** (تعد) خبرة فى الحياة - Travel gives him a lot of **experiences**.

- **connect** something **to** something يوصل بجهاز أو مصدر طاقة

  First **connect** the printer **to** the c+-omputer.
- **connect** someone / thing **with** something يربط / يرتبط بـ / يتعلق بـ

  The railway link would **connect** Tanta **with** Cairo.

  There was nothing to **connect** him **with** the crime.
- **contact** يتصل بـ - Don't hesitate to **contact** me if you need anything.

- **although** بالرغم من (تأتى فى أول أو وسط الجملة) ويأتى بعدها الجملة الأساسية

  We didn't find a place to sit in **although** we arrived early.
- **but / however** بالرغم من (تأتى فى وسط الجملة فقط) ويأتى بعدها التناقض

  We arrived early **but / , however** we didn't find a place to sit in.
- **despite** **v-ing / noun** بالرغم من (تأتى فى أول أو وسط الجملة) ويأتى بعدها

  We didn't find a place to sit in **despite arriving** early / our early **arrival**.

apply for	يتقدم بطلب (للحصول علي وظيفة / تأشيرة / جنسية / مكان في الجامعة، الخ)		
apply in person	يتقدم بالطلب شخصيا	**apply in writing**	يقدم الطلب كتابةً
apply to + inf.	يتقدم بطلب لكي ..	**apply to + noun**	يتقدم بالطلب إلي
apply to + noun	ينطبق علي	**apply**	يُطبق - يوظف

Ex: She **applied for** a job with the local newspaper.
She is going to **apply for** citizenship next month.
You should **apply** immediately, **in person** or by letter.
He has **applied to** join the police.
The offer only **applies to** flights from London and Manchester.
I **applied to** four universities and was accepted by all of them.
Some of the children seem unable to **apply** what they have learned.

Exercise on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- During the half-time break, he told a…………..but not his coach that he felt ill.
a) teammate b) colleague c) partner d) classmate

2- My uncle stayed for a week in a…………...inside the hospital.
a) word b) ward c) sword d) board

3- Mohamed Salah's …………...with Liverpool ends in 2023.
a) title b) dialing c) contract d) receipt

4- During our flight to London, the flight…………...was helpful.
a) attendant b) merchant c) servant d) assistant

5- Since then I've lived alone and immersed myself in my…………...
a) pioneer b) volunteer c) career d) cheer

6- It was made very clear that after getting the …………...you'll join the company.
a) classification b) satisfaction c) distribution d) qualification

7- He has the …………...to be a carpenter.
a) skirt b) pill c) skill d) drill

8- You can't find any records of his…………... and the first years of his career.
a) apprenticeship b) scholarship c) trader ship d) readership

9- The …………...of the ambulance disturbed all the people in the street.
a) sign b) serene c) serial d) siren

10- My younger brother decided to ………...for the factory job mentioned in the papers.
a) employ b) apply c) imply d) answer

11- Call the …………...service if there's a serious thing.
a) agency b) emergency c) legacy d) fluency

12- The …………...showed us our seats on the plane.
a) attendant b) pilot c) driver d) servant

13- Can you …………...him in the clown's uniform?

a) cancel b) solve c) fancy d) think

14- She has a lot of…………...experience in dealing with these kinds of problems.

a) critical b) practical c) loyal d) reliable

15- "I bet you can't eat all that food on your plate." "Is that a …………...?"

a) contract b) deal c) role d) challenge

16- The country works hard to …………...the different parts in it.

a) envelop b) daring c) develop d) sailing

17- If you want to find wok for you. You can apply for the …………...

a) job fair b) car rental c) funfair d) car agent

18- To be …………...with you, I don't think it will be easy.

a) dishonest b) honest c) flexible d) unfair

19- Sama …………...from the university last year.

a) congratulated b) situated c) graduated d) emarginated

20- When Adel travelled to England, he had…………...to the different situations there.

a) adapted b) adopted c) use d) accustom

21- We've had a…………...day at work. We were very tired.

a) harmful b) comfortable c) fruitful d) stressful

22- I like my friends to be …………... . They should come on time.

a) late b) punctual c) amused d) stressed

23- If the relatives couldn't pick the patient up, he would be lodged in the casualty …………...

a) department b) development c) compartment d) appointment

24- Ahmed is very …………... . If he says he'll do something, he'll do it.

a) suitable b) available c) reliable d) bearable

25- When he had an accident, he was taken directly to the …………...department.

a) casual b) penalty c) visual d) casualty

26- My father works in the English (part – section – department – corner) at Zagazig University

27- My wife is a (work hard – hard work – hard working – works hard) woman. She does all her duties at home well

28- My wife's job was (incredible – incredibleness – credible – incredibly) influential. All the company depends on her financial statements.

29- Some people find working as a teacher very (reward – rewarded – rewarding – rewards) and worthwhile as they give private lessons.

30- He found an interesting (work – job – works – efforts) as an accountant in a big company.

31- Worry is the synonym of the word (stressful – stress – stressed – stresssing).
32- The applicants ask about the skills (required – require- requiring-requires) for this job.
33- I’m a very (social -practical -previous -envious) person and a lot of my job is about trying to improve products .
34- A person who supports their friends even when it’s difficult is (loyal – confident – flexible – honest).
35- When she finishes secondary education, she hopes to join the (colleague – collage – college – colligate) of Medicine.
36- My brother is well (qualify – qualified – qualification – qualifies) to do heart operations
37- Do you fancy a (career- work- profession-occupation) as a firefighter?
38- A person who can explain their ideas well is a good (communication – communicate – communicator – communicating).
39- A lot of youth want to (imply-supply-apply-reply) any available job because of lack of jobs .
40- My friend has been (rewarded – awarded – won – gained) a prize because of his great achievements in charities.
41- The rich man (rewarded – awarded – won – gained) the driver who returned a bag of money to him.
42- Heping other people makes me (felt – feel – feeling – feels) happy and satisfied.
43- When you are (replying – applying – replaying – allying), you are making a formal request, usually in writing.
44- After I had graduated, I got a (two-years – two-yearly – two-year – two-year's) contract to work abroad.
45- You should have a little more (train – practice – survey – heating) to pass your exams.
46- Candidates should have training and (practical – practices – practise – practiced) experience.
47- We shouldn't buy (styles – production – article – products) that don’t have labels.
48- To get this job, you must (prove – approve – improve – strove) your language skills.
49- When he was climbing the mountain, he met many (challenge – challenges – challengers – danger).
50- Climbing the mountain was very (challenge – challenging – changing – danger) but amusing.
51- You can choose from a (vary – various – variable – variety) of books here.
52- The National Bank will (see- advertise-apply-qualify) for some vacant jobs on TV.

53- Although teaching is a difficult profession , it is very (challenge-disappointing-boring-rewarding)

54- You should be (unsociaable -introvert -flexible –bored) and accept any job even if it is a hard job.

55- My CV includes my personal details and my (qualifications -qualify -requirements – refreshments)

Reported Speech الحديث غير المباشر

Reported statement

عند تحويل الجملة الخبرية إلى الكلام غير المباشر اتبع الآتي:

أولا: إذا كان فعل القول مضارع (أو مستقبل)

1- الفعل say يبقى كما هو و say to تحول إلى tell.

2- يمكن حذف أداة الربط that.

3- لا تتغير الأزمنة أو الظروف الزمنية وتتغير الضمائر فقط داخل الأقواس بحيث تعود I, we على الفاعل و تعود you على المفعول خارج الأقواس وتبقي باقي الضمائر كما هي.

1- He says, "I will travel abroad next week."

He says (that) he will travel abroad next week.

2- He says to me, "I'm reading a story now."

He tells me (that) he is reading a story now.

3- He says to me, "I have finished my work."

He tells me(that) he has finished his work.

ثانيا: إذا كان فعل القول ماضي

تبقى said كما هي وتتحول said to إلى told.

يتغير الآتي داخل الأقواس:

1- الضمائر حسب المعنى .

2- الأزمنة من المضارع (بسيط – تام – مستمر) إلى الماضي (بسيط – تام – مستمر) – ولكن تبقى أزمنة الماضي كما هي ما عدا الماضي البسيط يبقى كما هو أو يتحول إلى ماضي تام.

3- الظروف الزمنية و أسماء الإشارة (حسب الجدول).

جدول تحويل الظروف و أسماء الإشارة إلى غير المباشر

Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
this	That	tomorrow	the next (following) day
these	those	next (week)	the following (week)
today	that day		the (week) after
tonight	that night	yesterday	the day before

now	Then		the previous day
ago	before	last (week)	the (week) before
here	there		

لذلك لاحظ التغيير في الجمل السابقة إذا تغير فعل القول إلى الماضي.

1- He said, "I will travel abroad next week."

He said (that) he would travel abroad the following week.

2- He said to me, "I'm reading a story now."

He told me (that) he was reading a story then.

3- He said to me, "I have finished my work."

He told me(that) he had finished his work.

4- She said, "I met my friend yesterday."

She said (that) she had met (or met) her friend the day before.

5- He said, "I got hurt when I was playing football."

He said (that) he got hurt when he was playing football.

وإذا كان فعل القول ماضي والكلام قد انتهي منذ فترة وجيزة (تواً) تتغير الضمائر فقط داخل الأقواس.

ويستخدم مع التعبيرات الآتية:

now, just now, a moment ago, a minute ago, …..

- He said just now, "I have bought a new car."

- He said just now (that) he has bought a new car.

Changing reported into direct speech

تحويل الكلام المنقول الغير مباشر إلى كلام مباشر

عند تحويل الجملة الخبرية من الكلام غير المباشر إلى الكلام المباشر اتبع الآتي:

1- تبقى say كما هي وتحول tell إلي say to.

- تحذف that وتستخدم فاصلة (,) وعلامات التنصيص " ".

- تتغير الضمائر فقط إلى المتكلم أو المخاطب داخل الأقواس ولا تتغير الأزمنة والظروف الزمنية.

2- تبقى said كما هي وتحول told إلي said to.

- ارجع الضمائر إلى صيغة المتكلم أو المخاطب والأزمنة وظرف الزمان و أسماء الإشارة إلي أصلها حسب الجدول السابق.

Reported : He tells me that he is watching TV now.

Direct : He says to me, "I'm watching TV now."

Reported : He told me that he had seen a lion the previous week.

Direct : He said to me, "I saw a lion last week."

ملاحظات هامة

1- إذا كان المخاطب داخل الأقواس يوضع خارجها عند التحويل إلي الغير مباشر.

- Kamel said, "I'll visit you tomorrow, Hatem."
- Kamel told Hatem (that) he would visit him the next day.

2- إذا كانت الجملة داخل الأقواس تعبر عن حقيقة، لا يتغير الزمن (المضارع البسيط).

- He said, "The moon moves round the earth."
-He said that the moon moves round the earth.

3- إذا كانت الجملة تعبر عن عادة أو عمل متكرر، تتغير الضمائر فقط داخل الأقواس ولا يتغير الزمن.

- She said, " I go to bed at ten everyday."
-She said that she goes to bed at ten everyday.

4- إذا كان المتكلم وفعل القول آخر الجملة أو وسطها، يوضع في أولها عند التحويل إلي الغير مباشر.

- "I bought a new laptop yesterday," said Hazem.
- Hazem said that he had bought a new laptop the day before.

5- إذا وجد في الجملة It's a good idea /ought to / should تحذف وتحول said to إلى advised.

- The doctor said to her, "You should take this medicine twice a day."
- The doctor advised her to take that medicine twice a day.

6- إذا وجدت جملتين خبريتين داخل الأقواس والمتكلم شخص واحد (الفاعل واحد) اربطهما بـ and that / and added that.

- He said," I have lost my bag. I'll buy a new one."
- He said that he had lost his bag and added that he'd buy a new one.

7- إذا وجدت جملتين خبريتين داخل الأقواس ولكل منهما فاعل (الفاعلان مختلفان) اربطهما بـ and ويبقي الفاعلان كما هما.

- Dalia said, "I need a new blouse." "I will get it for you," said her mother.
- Dalia said that she needed a new blouse and her mother said she'd get it for her.

Choose the correct answer :

1- Mahmoud said that he …….................to Hurghada the month before.
a) goes b) has gone c) had gone d) would go

2- I told him that I …….................my car the following week.
a) sell b) am selling c) sold d) would sell

3- He said he……................his job at the end of that week.
a) was leaving b) leaves c) is leaving d) will leave

4- Omar said that his car …….................the day before.
a) repaired b) had been repaired c) had repaired d) was repairing

5- She told me that she …….................her own car.
a) has b) has had c) is having d) had

6- He …….................he was living with his uncle.
a) told b) said c) asked d) ordered

7- He said that he …….................a letter then.

a) wrote b) would write c) was writing d) is writing

8- He told me that he …….................Cairo the following month.

a) would reach b) will reach c) reached d) had reached

9- Samir …….................he had never been to Luxor.

a) told b) asked c) spoke d) said

10- He said that he …….................the meeting the day before.

a) was attending b) had attended c) would attend d) attends

11- He said that he …….................…….................a new film on TV the night before.

a) would see b) has seen c) had seen d) was seen

12- He told me that he …….................me the next day.

a) will visit b) visited c) is visiting d) would visit

13- He said just now that he …….................a new car next month.

a) will buy b) would buy c) has bought d) buys

14- He said that he …….................to school the previous day.

a) doesn't go b) wouldn't go c) hadn't gone d) won't go

15- He said that while he was watching television, the light …….................out.

a) had gone b) went c) would go d) has gone

16- Shaker …….................he couldn't ride a bike.

a) told b) asked c) said d) wondered

17- He said that the computer .... the week before.

a) repaired b) had repaired c) was repaired d) had been repaired

18- My boss .... me that I could have rest that day.

a) said b) told c) spoke d) talked

19- She .... she was living with her aunt.

a) told b) ordered c) asked d) said

20- He said that he .... a letter then.

a) was writing b) wrote c) would write d) is writing

21- He told me that he .... Cairo the following week.

a) will reach b) reached c) would reach d) had reached

22- He said he .... the next day.

a) will arrive b) would arrive c) arrived d) had arrived

23- He told me that he .... many mistakes the week before.

a) makes b) has made c) would make d) had made

24- He said that he .... the meeting the day before.

a) had attended b) was attending c) would attend d) attends

25- He said just now that he .... a new car next month.

a) would buy b) buys c) will buy d) has bought

26- He said he .... us the following day.

a) will visit b) would visit c) is visiting d) visited

27- She said that she .... the house at that moment.

a) cleaned b) is cleaning c) would clean d) was cleaning

28- He said that he .... to school the previous day.

a) doesn't go b) wouldn't go c) hadn't gone d) won't go

29- He said a moment ago that he .... his car last week.

a) sold b) had sold c) would sell d) was selling

30- He .... he would join the army the following year.

a) told b) ordered c) asked d) said

31- He told me that he .... again the next year.

a) had come b) would come c) came d) would have come

32- He said he .... home by 9 o'clock that night.

a) was going b) will go c) would have gone d) would go

33- She said that she .... to me the next day.

a) would talk b) talked c) will talk d) can talk

34- Nora told me that she..............those papers while she was tidying the desk drawers.

a) has found b) was finding c) had found d) found

35- The producer said he .... the film developed yet.

a) hasn't had b) hadn't had c) didn't have d) isn't having

36- I told them that I .... Magdy at the party the night before.

a) haven't seen b) wasn't seen c) hadn't seen d) wasn't seeing

37- Omar said he .... a new T-shirt the day before.

a) had bought b) will buy c) would buy d) has bought

38- Hamsa .... she hadn't spoken to Doha since the week before.

a) told b) said c) asked d) wondered

39- He **(said – asked – told – say)** he wouldn't be able to sleep until he had finished the homework.

40- I asked him what **(was he reading – is he reading – he is reading – he was reading)**.

41- She said that she **(want – wants – wanted – is wanting)** to be a writer.

42- He asked me where **(I have been – have I been – had I been – I had been)**.

43- She said that her mother **(help – helped – was helping – helping)** her with her homework then.

44- He asked me if **(do I buy – did I buy – I buy – I had bought)** a new car the previous month.

45- She said they **(meet – would meet – are meeting – met)** them there the following Saturday.

46- She **(asked – wondered – complained – ordered)** that she had waited for more than an hour.

47- They promised that they **(phone – would phone – will phone – phones)** us as soon as they arrived.

48- He admitted that he **(arrives – has arrived – had arrived – will arrive)** late the night before.

49- She said **(that – if – what – where)** she was hoping to come and see me the following week.

50- He asked me if I knew that his sister **(is – has been – had been – will be)** ill.

51- He denied **(to be – had been – was – being)** at the scene of the crime.

52- I wanted to know what **(they thought – did they think – had they thought – will they think)** of my idea.

53- She wondered **(if – where – when – that)** there was anything interesting at the weekend.

54- I admitted that I **(don't have – am not having – didn't have – doesn't have)** any plans.

55- I explained that I **(would have to – will have to – will – shall)** ask my mother.

56- She wanted to know if I **(will like – do like – would like – likes)** to go shopping with her.

57- 19- Peter **(asked – wondered – promised – wanted)** he would phone me that evening.

58-20- She said, "I **(didn't see – won't see – wasn't seen – hadn't seen)** anyone until I have finished."

59- 21- She asked me, " **(Have you watched – You watched – You are watching – You watch)** the DVD?"

60- Ramez said that he ……...................to Hurghada the month before.

a) goes b) has gone c) had gone d) would go

61- I told him that I ……...................my car the following week.

a) sell b) am selling c) sold d) would sell

62- He said he……...................his job at the end of that week.

a) was leaving b) leaves c) is leaving d) will leave

63- Omar said that his car ……...................the day before.

a) repaired b) had been repaired c) had repaired d) was repairing

64- She told me that she ……...................her own car.

a) has b) has had c) is having d) had

65- He ……...................he was living with his uncle.

a) told b) said c) asked d) ordered

66- He said that he ……...................a letter then.

a) wrote b) would write c) was writing d) is writing

67- He told me that he ……...................Cairo the following month.

a) would reach b) will reach c) reached d) had reached

68- Samir ……...................he had never been to Luxor.

a) told b) asked c) spoke d) said

69- He said that he ……..................the meeting the day before.

a) was attending b) had attended c) would attend d) attends

70- He said that he ……..................……..................a new film on TV the night before.

a) would see b) has seen c) had seen d) was seen

71- He told me that he ……..................me the next day.

a) will visit b) visited c) is visiting d) would visit

72- He said just now that he …..................a new car next month.

a) will buy b) would buy c) has bought d) buys

73- He said that he ……..................to school the previous day.

a) doesn't go b) wouldn't go c) hadn't gone d) won't go

Chapter (10) The Treasure Island

Jim Hawkins:

At last, I was back on the island. The ship was safe from the pirates, ready for our men to go back to sea. Looked forward to telling my friends about my latest adventure and started to walk back across the island. I remembered the map, so I knew how to return to the place where I had met Ben Gun for the first time.

As I continued, it was very dark. It was difficult for me to find my way, but the light of the moon helped me. When I was near the fort, I went more slowly. I did not want my friends to think I was a pirate. Suddenly, I saw a red light through trees. What was it? Then I saw that there was a big fire next to the fort. I thought that this was unusual, as Captain Smollett was always very careful not to waste wood for the fire.

I quietly went back inside the dark fort, and I was very pleased to hear the men inside talking quality. However, I realized that they were not good guards because nobody saw me return.

I was about to climb into my bed when I heard the words, "Who is it? Who is it?" I realized that it was Captain Flint, Siler's parrot!

Everyone in the room woke up, and I heard someone call out: "Who's there?" It was Long John Silver! I turned to run away but I ran into a man, who held on to me. I was trapped.

"Bring a torch Dick," said Silver.

When he returned with a torch, I could see inside the room. I realised that the fort was now full of pirates. Our food was on the table, too, but I could not see any of my friends. Was it possible that they were all dead?

There were five pirates standing in the room. Another pirate lay in bed. He looked badly hurt. Sliver looked tired. His parrot was on his shoulder, and his clothes were dirty.

"So, Jim Hawkins!" said Silver. "It's nice of you to visit us. You don't have to stand up for Jim!" he told his men and they lay down on their beds again.

"I knew you were clever," Silver said to me. "I always wanted you to be one of us, because I was like you when I was a boy. Now, you can't go back to your friends because they think you've left them. So, unless you want to stay on your own, you'll have to join us now."

I was pleased to hear that my friends were still alive, but I was not happy to hear that they did not want me anymore.

"Now, you don't have to say yes," said Silver. " I can't tell you what to do."

"I'll answer you," I said, in a weak voice. "First, I want to know where my friends are."
"Yesterday morning," explained Silver, "Dr Livesy came down with a white flag. He told me that the Hispianola was not there any more. We looked round and he was right! The ship was gone! Then the doctor said that we could have the fort. I asked him how many of them were in the fort, and he said there were four, and one of them was hurt. And he said he did not know or care where you were. So here we are. I don't know where they are now."
"Do I have to decide now?" I asked.
"Yes, you have to decide now," said Sliver.
"Very well. But there are some things you need to know. First, you have lost your ship, you have lost your treasure and you have lost many of your men. How did you lose them? It was me! I heard your plans on the Hispianola and told Captain Smollett. And I cut the anchor ropes of the ship, and took it to a place that you don't know. I'm not frightened of you! You can kill me if you want, but remember: if you don't kill me, I'll help you at your trail. So, now you have to decide. What will you do with me?"
I stopped talking and all the men looked at me angrily.
"That was the boy who knew Black Dog in Bristol!" said one of the pirates called Morgan. "And he was the boy who got the map from Billy Bones!" Morgan then stood up with a knife.
"Stop!" called Silver. "Do you think that you're the captain now? You do as I say!"
Morgan and the other pirates were quiet. "I like this boy; Silver continued. " I've never seen a better boy than him. He's more of a man than any of you."
The other pirates did not look happy and they started to talk quietly to each other.
"What are you saying?" said Silver. "We don't like all of your rules," said one of the pirates. "We're going to talk together without you. You can't stop us."
Soon, all the men left the room, and only Silver and I remained. "Listen Jim," said Silver. "I don't think that they want me to be the captain any more. But I can look after you, if you look after me."
"Do you mean that they want to kill you?"
"They don't need me now that I don't have the ship. But if you save me, I can save you."
I was surprised to hear this. He was the leader of the gang of pirates, and now he wanted the help of a boy.
"I'll do what I can," I told him. "You're a good boy!" he said. "I know you've got the ship safe somewhere. I don't know how you did it, but you did. Remember, I'm now with Mr Trelawney and his men. So, why did the doctor give me the map, Jim?"
He saw that I was surprised.
"Yes, he gave it to me. He must have a plan, you know. Let's hope it's a good one."
I looked out of the fort and saw the pirates talking in a group. One of the men had some paper and a knife and the others were watching him. then they started to walk back towards us.
"They're coming!" I told Silver. "Let them come!" he said.

Questions and answers:

1- **How was Jim when he arrived at the fort?**
   - He was sad because at first he thought his friends were dead
2- **" I'mnot firhtened of you! You can kill me if you wantm but you want,". Why do you think Jim was not frightened of silver ?**
   - Because Jim had the ship, so he couldn't do anything to Jim.
3- **Why do you think Jim offered to help Silver in his trial ?**

- As he wanted to protect himself from Silver so he offered to help him in the trial.

4- **Silver had two offers and both were surprising, to Jim. Illustrate.**

- He asked Jim to join the pirates, then he asked him to help him, perhaps against the pirates.

5- **Why do you think Silver wanted Jim to join the pirates ?**

- Because Jim is clever and reminded Silver to himself when he was a boy.

6- **Silver had a strong character. Discuss**

- When Morgan attacked him , he ordered him to stop as he was the leader and the crew should follow his orders.

7- **Why do you think the pirates no longer need Silver ?**

- As he didn't have the ship any more.

8- **Jim was successful in his adventure on the ship. Why ?**

- He seized it from the pirates.

9- **If you were Jim, would you join the pirates .why ?**

- Of course not. As they were thieves and killers.

10- **Silver tried to mislead Jim concerning his friends. Explain.**

- He told him that his friends thought he left them and would never want him with them again.

TEST Unit (10)

Choose (2)Two correct answers ou of (5)Five options given:

1- **The driver was fined because he had …………. the traffic law.**
a) supported b) kept c) broken d) issued e) disobeyed

2- **After three days at hospital, he ………… better. He decided to go home.**
a) made b) felt c) got d) bought e) did

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

3- **After I had written the letter I ……… a stamp on it and took it to the post office.**
a) had put b) put c) was putting d) would put

4- **When the manager…….the letter the secretary sent it by fax to branches.**
a) signs b) signed c) had signed d) was signing

5- **They couldn't go swimming because they ……… their swim suits.**
a) forgot b) have forgotten c) forget d) had forgotten

6- **They ………before they entered the competition.**
a) didn't practise b) hadn't practised
c) don't practise d) won't practise

7- **By the time we .... at the party, it had finished.**
a) were arriving b) had arrived c) arrived d) have arrived

8- **After we………the matter on the phone, I wrote him a letter about it.**
a) had discussed b) discussing c) were discussed d) have discussed

9- **After .... the tickets, I felt relaxed and calm.**
a) booking b) booked c) had booked d) have booked

10- **He decided to stay on his …………...**
a) owe b) own c) alone d) owing

11- He …………...a lot of money everyday.

a) earns b) wins c) gains d) makes

12- The opposite of "loyal" is …………...

a) deceitful b) faithful c) late d) reliable

13- The closest meaning to "confident" is…………...

a) hesitant b) certain c) suspicious d) unclear

14- …………...means the manner in which something is built.

a) Construction b) Contraction c) Production d) Graduation

15- …………...means suitable or fit to be relied on.

a) Thoughtful b) Doubtful c) Deceptive d) Reliable

16- Call the …………...service if there's a serious thing.

a) agency b) emergency c) legacy d) fluency

B) Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The World Cup is one of the biggest sporting events in the world. This great soccer championship features players from thirty-two nations. Each nation wants to win the cup by becoming the number one soccer team. The World Cup is a worldwide contest that takes place only once every four years. However, it holds the attention of much of the planet when the games begin. The World Cup was created in 1928, and the first World Cup games were held in Uruguay in 1930. It was an all-male contest at the time. The first women's World Cup was held in China in 1991. Soccer is not quite as popular in the United States as basketball, or baseball. However, it still has millions of followers. People all over the world often get up in the middle of the night or skip work to watch their nation's team compete. More than five billion people watch the final match on television. That is most of the people living on the planet. During the contests leading up to the final game, people in the winning nations often hold street parties to celebrate their teams' victories. Some countries seem to be the best in the game for a period of time. When Pele played for Brazil in 1970, his team won the World Cup. Brazil's team is considered one of the greatest. Pele is regarded as the best soccer player by many fans. Brazil has won a total of five World Cups, far more than any other nation. Another matchless player was Maradona who was regarded as one of the greatest ever footballers to have played the game, and was awarded FIFA Best Player of the 20th Century. Maradona, became a global icon after leading Argentina to the 1986 World Cup but he was not a clean idol like Pele, he was known for drug addiction and he was arrested in Argentina for cocaine possession.

1- From the context of the passage, which is the best antonym for "victories"?

a) wins b) happiness c) results d) defeats

2- Pele is……………………………………

a) cocaine addict b) a Brazilian team

c) an average soccer player d) one of the greatest soccer players

3- In America, basketball and baseball are ………… soccer.

a) more popular than b) less popular than c) as popular as d) more dangerous than

4- People all over the world admired Maradona despite ………… .

a) his bad behavior b) leading his team to the World Cup

c) his matchless talent d) scoring so many goals

5- The Best Player award goes to players who ……………………..by the FIFA

a) addict cocaine b)the greatest players in the game

c) take part in the World Cup d) deal in drugs

6- People skipping work to watch their nation's team compete are …... the game.

a) crazy about b) hardly interested in c) have no affection for d) might be arrested

7- The first women's World Cup was held in …………. .

a. Africa b-Uruguay c-Asia d- South America

4-Choose the Correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, d:

1- We should exploit our natural resources to raise our Egyptian national economy.

ا. يجب أن نهمل مصادرنا الطبيعية للنهوض باقتصادنا القومي المصري.

ب. يجب أن نستغل مصادرنا القومية للنهوض باقتصادنا القومي المصري.

ج. يجب أن نستغل مصادرنا الطبيعية للنهوض باقتصادنا القومي المصري.

د- يجب أن نستغل مصادرنا الطبيعية للنهوض بدخلنا القومي المصري.

2- The government and the citizens should cooperate together to decrease birth rate as it is a good way to raise living standard .

1- ينبغي أن تتعاون الحكومة و المواطنين بهدف الإقلال من معدل المواليد لأن ذلك من أهم السبل لرفع مستوى الأسرة.

2- ينبغي أن تتعاون الحكومة و المواطنين بهدف الإقلال من معدل المواليد لأن ذلك من أهم السبل لدعم مستوى المعيشة.

3- ينبغي أن تتعاون الحكومة و المواطنين بهدف الإقلال من معدل المواليد لأن ذلك من أهم السبل لرفع مستوى المعيشة.

- ينبغي أن تتعاون الحكومة و المواطنين بهدف الإقلال من معدل الوفيات لأن ذلك من أهم السبل لرفع مستوى المعيشة.

3- لا تزال أثارنا القديمة من أهم العوامل التى تجذب السائحين.و لذلك يجب الاعتناء بها و الحفاظ عليها.

a) Our ancient monuments are still one of the main factors attracting tourists so we should take care of them and protect them.

b) Our ancient monuments are still one of the main factors which attract tourists so we should take to and protect them.

c) Our ancient mountains are still one of the main factors which attract tourists so we should take care of them and protect them.

d) Our ancient monuments are one of the main factories which attract tourists so we should take care of them and protect them

4- الحرية هي اثمن شيء في حياتنا ويجب الحفاظ عليها

a) Freedom is the most precious thing in our life and we should keep it.

b) Equality is the most precious thing in our life and we should keep it.

c) Freedom is the most delicious thing in our life and we should keep it.

d) Freedom is the most precious thing in our life and we should waste it.

Writing an essay

Write an essay of about 150 words on the following topic:

The job you would like to do.

……………………………………………………………………………………………

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The Novel

Do you think Jim was afraid when he was trapped in the fort??

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....
....

What is Silver's opinion of Jim?

....
....
....

Why do you think Jim tried to run away when he heard Silver in the fort?

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………………